Amendments to the Claims:

The listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application.

1 (currently amended): A method for light treatment comprising: providing a source of light having an emission spectrum, the source responsive to incident photons;

providing a detector which is sensitive to the emission spectrum;

providing a filter between the source and the detector, in which the light is filtered with a cutoff frequency such that a first part of the spectrum of the light emitted is preserved and a second part of the light spectrum is stopped, the first part of the spectrum being independent of temperature absent an energy content capable of shifting the temperature of the source, and the second part of the spectrum being dependent on temperature having an energy content capable of shifting the temperature of the source.

2 (currently amended): A device for light treatment comprising:

means for emission of light having a spectrum, the means for emission responsive
to incident photons;

means for detecting which is sensitive to the emission spectrum; and

means for filtering the light disposed intermediate the means for emission and the means for detecting, so that a first part of the spectrum of the light emitted is preserved, the first part of the spectrum being independent of temperature absent an energy content capable of shifting the temperature of the means for emission, and a second part of the light spectrum is stopped, the second part of the spectrum being dependent on temperature having an energy content capable of shifting the temperature of the means for emission.

3 (previously presented): The device according to claim 2 wherein the device is integrated with an intensifier.

- 4 (previously presented): The device according to claim 2 wherein the means for filtering is arranged to be placed below a light intensifier on a light path.
- 5 (previously presented): The device according to claim 4 wherein the means for filtering is mounted in contact with the intensifier.
- 6 (original): The device according to claim 3 wherein the means for filtering is one or more layers of a material to filter the part of the light not desired.
- 7 (previously presented): The device according to claim 4 wherein the means for filtering is mounted in contact with the intensifier.
- 8 (currently amended): A radiological imaging cassette comprising:
 means for emission of light having a spectrum, the means for emission responsive
 to incident photons;

means for detecting which is sensitive to the emission spectrum; and

means for filtering the light disposed intermediate the means for emission and the means for detecting, so that a first part of the spectrum of the light emitted is preserved, the first part of the spectrum being independent of temperature absent an energy content capable of shifting the temperature of the means for emission, and a second part of the light spectrum is stopped, the second part of the spectrum being dependent on temperature having an energy content capable of shifting the temperature of the means for emission.

- 9 (previously presented): The cassette according to claim 8 wherein the cassette is integrated with an intensifier.
- 10 (previously presented): The cassette according to claim 8 wherein the cassette contains means for filtering arranged to be placed below a light intensifier on a light path.

11 (previously presented): The cassette according to claim 10 wherein the means for filtering is mounted in contact with the intensifier.

12 (previously presented): The cassette according to claim 8 wherein the cassette contains an analog film.

13 (previously presented): The cassette according to claim 8 wherein the cassette contains a digital light detector.

14 (currently amended): A measuring module containing a device comprising:

means for emission of light having a spectrum, the means for emission responsive to incident photons;

means for detecting which is sensitive to the emission spectrum; and

means for filtering the light disposed intermediate the means for emission and the means for detecting, so that a first part of the spectrum of the light emitted is preserved, the first part of the spectrum being independent of temperature absent an energy content capable of shifting the temperature of the means for emission, and a second part of the light spectrum is stopped, the second part of the spectrum being dependent on temperature having an energy content capable of shifting the temperature of the means for emission.

15 (previously presented): The module according to claim 14 wherein the module is integrated with an intensifier.

16 (previously presented): The module according to claim 14 wherein the module contains means for filtering arranged to be placed below a light intensifier on a light path.

17 (previously presented): The module according to claim 16 wherein the means for filtering is mounted in contact with the intensifier.

18 (previously presented): The module according to claim 14 wherein the module contains a photomultiplier tube, the device being mounted above the photomultiplier tube.

19 (previously presented): The module according to claim 14 wherein the module contains a light intensifier.

20 (previously presented): The module according to claim 18 wherein the module contains a light intensifier.

21 (previously presented); The module according to claim 14 comprising means for guiding the light emanating from the means for emission.

22 (currently amended): A radiology apparatus comprising:

means for emission of radiation having a spectrum, the means for emission

responsive to incident photons;

means for detecting which is sensitive to the emission spectrum; and

means for filtering the radiation disposed intermediate the means for emission and the means for detecting, so that a first part of the spectrum of the radiation emitted is preserved, the first part of the spectrum being independent of temperature absent an energy content capable of shifting the temperature of the means for emission, and a second part of the radiation spectrum is stopped, the second part of the spectrum being a shift dependent on temperature having an energy content capable of shifting the temperature of the means for emission.

23 (currently amended): The radiology apparatus according to claim 22 wherein the eassette means for detecting contains an analog film.

24 (currently amended): The radiology apparatus according to claim 22 wherein the eassette means for detecting contains a digital radiation detector.

25 (currently amended): A radiology apparatus comprising:

means for emission of radiation having a spectrum, the means for emission
responsive to incident photons;

means for detecting which is sensitive to the emission spectrum; and a module containing a device comprising the means for filtering the radiation disposed intermediate the means for emission and the means for detecting, so that a first part of the spectrum of the radiation emitted is preserved, the first part of the spectrum being independent of temperature absent an energy content capable of shifting the temperature of the means for emission, and a second part of the spectrum is stopped, the second part of the spectrum being dependent on temperature having an energy content capable of shifting the temperature of the means for emission.

26 (original): The radiology apparatus according to claim 25 wherein the device is integrated with an intensifier.

27 (previously presented): The radiology apparatus according to claim 25 wherein the device containing the means for filtering arranged to be placed below a light intensifier on a radiation path.

28 (previously presented): The radiology apparatus according to claim 25 wherein the device containing the means for filtering is mounted in contact with the intensifier.

29 (previously presented): A method for radiation output comprising: providing an intensifier having an emission spectrum in response to incident radiation;

providing a detector, which has a sensitivity to the emission spectrum;

determining a wavelength of the emission spectrum or the sensitivity that is temperature dependent; and

providing a filter between the intensifier and the detector, the filter having a transmission spectrum that suppresses the wavelength that is temperature dependent.

30 (previously presented): An article of manufacture comprising: means for intensifying having an emission spectrum in response to incident radiation;

means for providing a detector that has a sensitivity to the emission spectrum, the sensitivity having a wavelength that is temperature dependent; and

means for filtering having a transmission spectrum that suppresses the wavelength that is temperature dependent.

- 31 (previously presented): The article according to claim 30 wherein the emission spectrum of the means for intensifying has a selected wavelength that is suppressed by the means for filtering.
- 32 (previously presented): The article according to claim 30 wherein the emission spectrum of the means for intensifying has a principle peak centered at around 545 nm.
- 33 (previously presented): The article according to claim 30 wherein the means for filtering and the means for intensifying are integrated.

- 34 (previously presented): The article according to claim 30 wherein the means for filtering suppresses the wavelength shorter than a principle peak of the emission spectrum of the means for intensifying.
- 35 (previously presented): The article according to claim 30 wherein the means for filtering comprises material from the group consisting of glass, polycarbonate or acetate, the material having a dye or organic or mineral pigment incorporated therein.
- 36 (previously presented): The article according to claim 30 wherein the means for filtering is a plurality of layers.
- 37 (previously presented): The article according to claim 30 wherein the means for detecting is a film.
- 38 (previously presented): The article according to claim 30 wherein the means for detecting is a photomultiplier tube.
- 39 (previously presented): The article according to claim 30 wherein the means for detecting is a charge transfer cell.
- 40 (previously presented) The article according to claim 30 wherein the mean for filtering transmits radiation close to a principle peak of the emission spectrum of the means for intensifying and intercepts radiation of wavelength corresponding to those of a secondary emission peak of wavelength less than those of the principle emission peak.
- 41 (previously presented): The article according to claim 30 wherein the means for intensifying comprises a base of gadolinium oxysulfite terbium.

42 (previously presented): An article of manufacture comprising: means for intensifying having an emission spectrum in response to incident radiation;

means for providing a detector that has a sensitivity to the emission spectrum, the sensitivity having a wavelength that is temperature dependent; and

means for filtering having a transmission spectrum that suppresses the wavelength that is temperature dependent;

the means for filtering suppressing the wavelength shorter than a principle peak of the emission spectrum of the means for intensifying; and

the means for filtering being disposed between the means for intensifying and the means for detecting.

43 (previously presented): A radiology apparatus comprising: a source of emitted radiation;

a cassette for receiving the emitted radiation, the cassette comprising:

means for intensifying having an emission spectrum in response to the emitted radiation;

means for providing a detector that has a sensitivity to the emission spectrum, the sensitivity having a wavelength that is temperature dependent; and

means for filtering having a transmission spectrum that suppresses the wavelength that is temperature dependent;

the means for filtering suppressing the wavelength shorter than a principle peak of the emission spectrum of the means for intensifying; and

the means for filtering being disposed between the means for intensifying and the means for detecting.

44 (previously presented): A radiation dose measuring module comprising: means for intensifying having an emission spectrum in response to incident radiation;

means for providing a detector that has a sensitivity to the emission spectrum, the sensitivity having a wavelength that is temperature dependent; and

means for filtering having a transmission spectrum that suppresses the wavelength that is temperature dependent;

the means for filtering suppressing the wavelength shorter than a principle peak of the emission spectrum of the means for intensifying;

the means for filtering being disposed between the means for intensifying and the means for detecting; and

a frame supporting the means for intensifying, the means for providing a detector and the means for filtering,

the frame forming a guide for the radiation of the emission spectrum of the means for intensifying.

45 (new): A method for radiation output comprising:

providing an intensifier having an emission spectrum in response to incident radiation;

providing a detector, which has a sensitivity to the emission spectrum;

determining a wavelength of the emission spectrum that has an energy content capable of generating a shift in temperature at the intensifier; and

providing a filter between the intensifier and the detector, the filter having a transmission spectrum that suppresses the wavelength that has a temperature shifting energy content.

46 (new): An article of manufacture comprising:

means for intensifying having an emission spectrum in response to incident radiation, the temperature of the means for intensifying responsive to the energy content of the emission spectrum;

means for providing a detector that has a sensitivity to the emission spectrum; and means for filtering having a transmission spectrum that suppresses the wavelength of the emission spectrum that has a temperature shifting energy content.

- 47 (new): The article according to claim 46 wherein the emission spectrum of the means for intensifying has a selected wavelength that is suppressed by the means for filtering.
- 48 (new): The article according to claim 46 wherein the emission spectrum of the means for intensifying has a principle peak centered at around 545 nm.
- 49 (new): The article according to claim 46 wherein the means for filtering and the means for intensifying are integrated.
- 50 (new): The article according to claim 46 wherein the means for filtering suppresses the wavelength shorter than a principle peak of the emission spectrum of the means for intensifying.
- 51 (new): The article according to claim 46 wherein the means for filtering comprises material from the group consisting of glass, polycarbonate or acetate, the material having a dye or organic or mineral pigment incorporated therein.
- 52 (new): The article according to claim 46 wherein the means for filtering is a plurality of layers.

- 53 (new): The article according to claim 46 wherein the means for detecting is a film.
- 54 (new): The article according to claim 46 wherein the means for detecting is a photomultiplier tube.
- 55 (new): The article according to claim 46 wherein the means for detecting is a charge transfer cell.
- 56 (new): The article according to claim 46 wherein the mean for filtering transmits radiation close to a principle peak of the emission spectrum of the means for intensifying and intercepts radiation of wavelength corresponding to those of a secondary emission peak of wavelength less than those of the principle emission peak.
- 57 (new): The article according to claim 46 wherein the means for intensifying comprises a base of gadolinium oxysulfite terbium.
 - 58 (new): An article of manufacture comprising:

means for intensifying having an emission spectrum in response to incident radiation, the temperature at the means for intensifying responsive to the energy content of the emission spectrum;

means for providing a detector that has a sensitivity to the emission spectrum; and means for filtering having a transmission spectrum that suppresses the wavelength of the emission spectrum that has a temperature shifting energy content;

the means for filtering suppressing the wavelength shorter than a principle peak of the emission spectrum of the means for intensifying; and

the means for filtering being disposed between the means for intensifying and the means for detecting.

59 (new): A radiology apparatus comprising:

a source of emitted radiation;

a cassette for receiving the emitted radiation, the cassette comprising:

means for intensifying having an emission spectrum in response to the emitted radiation, the temperature at the means for intensifying responsive to the energy content of the emission spectrum;

means for providing a detector that has a sensitivity to the emission spectrum; and means for filtering having a transmission spectrum that suppresses the wavelength of the emission spectrum that has a temperature shifting energy content;

the means for filtering suppressing the wavelength shorter than a principle peak of the emission spectrum of the means for intensifying; and

the means for filtering being disposed between the means for intensifying and the means for detecting.

60 (new): A radiation dose measuring module comprising:

means for intensifying having an emission spectrum in response to incident radiation, the temperature at the means for intensifying responsive to the energy content of the emission spectrum;

means for providing a detector that has a sensitivity to the emission spectrum; and means for filtering having a transmission spectrum that suppresses the wavelength of the emission spectrum that has a temperature shifting energy content;

the means for filtering suppressing the wavelength shorter than a principle peak of the emission spectrum of the means for intensifying;

the means for filtering being disposed between the means for intensifying and the means for detecting; and

a frame supporting the means for intensifying, the means for providing a detector and the means for filtering,

the frame forming a guide for the radiation of the emission spectrum of the means for intensifying.

Amendment to the Drawings:

The attached sheet of drawings includes changes to Fig 2. This sheet, which includes Figs. 2 and 3, replaces the original sheet including Figs. 2 and 3. In Figure 2, previously omitted element 3 has been added.

Attachment: Replacement Sheet

Annotated Sheet Showing Changes